

GREENSBORO TELEGRAM.

VOL. VII, NO. 139.

GREENSBORO, N. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1901.

Price Five Cents

Gov. Aycock's Address.

UTTERANCES OF A STATESMAN AND NOT OF A PARTISAN.

WILL BE GOVERNOR OF ALL THE PEOPLE

Good Government, Universal Education and Obedience

to the Law the Keynote of the Coming Administration--The Amendment Accepted and Its Consequences Must be Beneficial--The Promises of Education Will be Fulfilled, Even to the Carrying of Opportunity to the Remotest Rural District--The Negro's Every Right Under the Law Shall be Scrupulously Guaranteed, but He Must be Taught That His Safety Lies in Obeying the Law--The Aid of Citizens and the Blessings of God Invoked by the New Governor in Carrying Out His Intentions of Being of Service to the Whole State--An Election Law must be Framed That Will Guarantee the Privilege of Voting to Every Man Entitled to It.

Special to The Telegram.

RALEIGH, Jan. 15.—The following is in part the address of Governor Aycock, who was inaugurated today:

Gentlemen of the General Assembly, Ladies and Fellow Citizens:

Every four years brings us a change of administration but not always a change of policy. This year we meet under extraordinary circumstances—one party goes out of power and another comes in; one policy ends and a new one begins; one century passes away and a new century claims our service; a new constitution greets the new century. For thirty years of the nineteenth century we struggled in every way against the evils of a suffrage based on manhood only. We found in the first days of that struggle that theory had outrun practice and that reality had yielded place to sentiment. At that time we had just emerged from an unsuccessful and disastrous war. Our property had been swept away, our institutions had been destroyed, the foundation of our social fabric had been overturned. We were helpless. A victorious, but ungenerous political enemy had crushed us to the earth; they had forced upon us the recognition of theories that we knew could not be reduced to successful practice. We were poor, weak and defeated. We "accepted the situation." We did our best to prove the falsity of our convictions.

Negroes and Citizenship.

We endeavored with sincerity to bring the negroes to a realization of the true dignity of full citizenship. We urgently strove to instill into their minds that their true interests were likewise ours; we sought with great solicitude and with much sacrifice of toil and capital to convince them that parties were the servants and not the masters of the people, and that no past services of a party, however beneficial these services might appear, justified the destruction of good and safe and economical government in order to secure its success. We provided schools for them and spent for them as we spent for our own children. We cared for their insane and opened schools for the education of their afflicted and for the care and tuition of those who were left fatherless and motherless. We continued these efforts in the face of repeated evidence of their hostility and abated not our purposes when they repeated their follies. We still hoped that they would follow the example of the whites and divide their vote along the lines of governmental, industrial and moral issues. The result was a disappointment.

Negroes and Republicanism.

The negro was always to be counted upon and our opponents did not hesitate at any excess because they knew that they had 120,000 voters who could

be relied upon to support any policy however ruinous which bore the stamp of republicanism. With this vote as a certainty our adversaries, when they came to power after twenty years of defeat dared new evils and wrongs. Under their rule lawlessness stalked the state like a pestilence—death stalked abroad at noonday—"sleep lay down armed"—the sound of the pistol was more frequent than the song of the mocking bird—the screams of women fleeing from pursuing brutes closed the gates of our hearts with a shock. Our opponents, unmindful of the sturdy determination of our people to have safe, good government at all hazards became, indifferent to or incapable of enforcing law and preserving order. Confident of the support of this ignorant mass of negro voters, the Republican party and its ally forgot the strength and determination of that people who fought the first fight in Alamance against bad government and wrote the first Declaration of Independence in Mecklenburg. They challenged North Carolinians to combat and the world knows the result. The campaign of 1898 ended in a victory for good government. That was not a contest of passion but of necessity. When we came to power we desired merely the security of life, liberty and property. We had seen all these menaced by 120,000 negro votes cast as the vote of one man. We had seen our chief city pass through blood and death in search of safety.

We did not dislike the negro but we did love good government. We knew that he was incapable of giving us that and we resolved, not in anger, but for the safety of the state, to curtail his power. We had seen what a struggle it required to preserve even the form of republican government with him as a voter. The negro was not only ignorant—he was clannish. The educated among them who realized the danger to the state in mass voting were unable to free themselves from the power of its ostracism.

Disfranchisement of the Negro.

When the Legislature of 1899 met it was confronted with these facts and was sincerely anxious to save the good and suppress the evil of those forces which had made our history. They, therefore, submitted to the people for their action an amendment to the constitution which forbids any man to vote who cannot read and write, but excepts from the operation of this restrictive clause all those who could vote in any state on January the first, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, or who are descended from any such voter. This provision excludes no white man, except persons of foreign birth not yet familiar with our institutions, and excludes no negro who can read and write, and no negro whether he can read and write or not who could vote prior to January 1st, 1867, or who is descended from one who could vote at any time prior to said date. This amendment to our constitution eliminates no capable negro. Indeed, it sets free those negroes who, believing in certain principles of government, have been restrained by loyalty to the mass from voting their convictions. It does no injustice to the negro. It really benefits him. It does recognize the necessity for having some test of capacity and it prescribes two rules of evidence by which this capacity may be ascertained, and declares that any man capa-

(Continued on Page 8.)

THE TOBACCO MARKET HUMMING

Patrons Have Gone Home Singing the Praises of this Market—Good Sales Means Good Business.

The Greensboro tobacco market is humming these days, thanks to the high prices being paid by the local leaf dealers and the good sense of the growers in this section. Sales of the leaf at the warehouses have been quite heavy since the holidays, and the patrons of the market have universally gone home singing the praises of Greensboro as a tobacco market.

Quantities of the leaf from Guilford, Alamance and surrounding counties were sold today, the sales lasting until past noon. As an evidence of the general satisfaction of the farmers, it may be stated that not a single tag was turned at either of the warehouses, which means that all the farmers were satisfied with the prices obtained.

Good sales on the tobacco market mean good business for the merchants of the city, though some do not seem to recognize this fact.

K. of P. Committees Appointed.

At a meeting of Greensboro Lodge No. 80 held last night the following committees were appointed:

Relief Committee—Past Chancellor, Chancellor Commander, Vice Chancellor, Master of Exchequer, A. A. Johnson, G. H. Royster and P. J. Watkins.

Supervision Committee—J. L. Brookmann, J. J. Stone and G. H. Royster. Trustees of General Fund—J. L. Brookmann, C. C. Johnson and Dr. W. W. Rowe.

Finance Committee—W. D. Mendenhall, R. M. Phillips and W. R. Pleasant.

Trustees Widows and Orphans Fund—L. C. Howlett, G. A. Grimsley and J. W. Merrett.

Burial Committee—A. A. Johnson, C. E. Brower and R. M. Phillips.

Supervision Committee—J. L. Brookmann, J. J. Stone and R. M. Phillips.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.

The growth of Greensboro is remarkable in many respects, and her friendship and sociability is not the least. This is no doubt largely due to the many Orders of good fellowship and mutual assistance with which the Gate City abounds. Ample evidence of this was demonstrated last night at Greensboro Lodge No. 80 K. of P., which presented a large feast on the occasion of installation of officers for the ensuing term, and good fellowship prevailed in the highest degree. Speeches were made, songs were sung, and the utmost freedom prevailed among the many members and visitors who had assembled for this occasion. The following officers were installed: J. N. Longest, C. C.; C. C. McLean, V. C.; G. W. Denny, P.; W. R. Pleasant, M. A.; O. S. Ball, K. of R. and S.; G. H. Royster, M. F.; P. J. Watkins, I. G.; Roscoe Ward, O. G.

As soon as the installation was over the banquet board was visited, where the most delectable refreshments were found.

Mrs. G. H. Royster, who is credited with preparing the cakes, was extended a vote of thanks by the Pythians.

Occasions like these are the pleasant occurrences in life which make it worth living and lodge No. 80 is to be commended for its liberal heartedness in extending good cheer and warm fellowship among its members and brother Knights.

Mr. Stone Goes to Oak Ridge.

Mr. W. E. Stone, of this city, goes to Oak Ridge to fill the place of Prof. Whitaker, who is serving as Guilford's representative in the Legislature. Professor Whitaker will resume his position at the expiration of the Legislature.

Mr. Stone will, we have no doubt, make a highly successful record during his short experience as a teacher. He is a graduate of Harvard and a man of most scholarly attainments.

He was for a long time a member of the county board of education.

To Wed in Elizabeth City.

Invitations have been received here to the marriage of Miss Minnie Bloggs Parker and Mr. Daniel Riddick Morgan at the M. E. church in Elizabeth City on Wednesday, January 23rd. Miss Parker is a graduate of Greensboro Female College, and has many friends in this city.

THE COUNTERFEITERS ON TRIAL

FOUR ALLEGED ONES BROUGHT BEFORE COM. TROGDON.

Special Detective Wright and the United States Marshal Picked up the Men Yesterday While They Were Out Rabbit Hunting.

The trial of the men mentioned in yesterday's Telegram as having been arrested on a charge of counterfeiting at High Point is going on before Commissioner Trogdon as we go to press. Assistant District Attorney A. M. Price is prosecuting them and Messrs. W. H. Ragan and G. S. Bradshaw are defending them.

HOW THE MEN WERE ARRESTED.

Special to The Telegram.

High Point, Jan. 14.—For several days it has been known that counterfeited money was in circulation here and the government was informed to that effect. Four days ago there came here Mr. Chas. E. Wright, of the United States Secret Service, to look into the matter, and as a result of his investigations succeeded in apprehending the guilty parties. Mr. Wright was assisted by local officers in his work. Today the detective made it a point to go to the woods where the accused parties were rabbit hunting. With him he had United States Marshal Millikan, of Asheboro, and Chief of Police Bennett of this place, whom he advised to keep concealed in the rear. Approaching the parties, he addressed them with "Hello, boys, give me a match." As one of them did so, he collared him and called to the other officers, when arrest of all was effected. They were brought here this afternoon and kept in custody until 9:20 p. m., when they were carried to Greensboro for a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Trogdon. Later in the afternoon another arrest was made, that of a negro by the name of Wm. Matthews who is held for passing the spurious metal.

In conversation with Mr. Wright he said, "I came here four days ago to work on the case, and this afternoon captured the guilty parties in a field near town. The money was made of babbitt metal, mostly in denominations of half dollars and five cent pieces and the larger part of it bore the date of 1893. There were some quarters and one dollar pieces. It was a poor imitation of the genuine article. I found a good amount of it in town without a doubt it is a clear case against the parties." In answer to a question: "Do you know the place where the counterfeiters operated," he replied, "I can't give out that information at present."

Mr. Wright came South from New York City, where several weeks ago he was one of the party that captured a band of desperate Italian counterfeiters. He is the gentleman that is known in several cities and towns as the "Terror Detective."

The parties involved in the counterfeiting business bear a fair reputation and their arrest was somewhat of a surprise to the public.

Dewit Swears He Will Shoot Paul Botha on Sight.

By Wire to The Telegram.

Kroonstadt, Jan. 15.—The success of the Burgher peace committee in distributing among the republicans Paul Botha's book, "From Boer to Boer," has infuriated Gen. Dewit who, it is reported, swears he will shoot the author at the first opportunity. Refugees now occupy the camp to the number of two thousand, another being formed at Rhenoster. Supplies of all kinds in town are shortening daily. Boers are most active northward, also in the direction of Lindley, and various commands appear to be joining Dewit to the southward.

Dubois Elected.

By Wire to The Telegram.

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 15.—The two houses of the Legislature balloted for United States Senator today. Honorable Fred T. Dubois was elected.

Army Bill Taken Up.

By Wire to The Telegram.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The army bill was taken up in the Senate at two o'clock. In the forenoon Senator Berry, of Arkansas, made a speech on the Philippines.

A GRAND INAUGURATION.

THE CEREMONIES WITNESSED BY OVER 10,000 PEOPLE.

The New Governor Was Presented to be Sworn in by Governor Russell—The Special and the Military Review, Special Dispatch to The Telegram.

Raleigh, Jan. 15.—Every detail of the inauguration ceremonies were carried out according to the program. All the arrangements were admirable. Seven thousand people witnessed the spectacle, and as many more were on the streets.

Governor Aycock was given a great demonstration.

The inauguration ceremonies took place at the east front of the capitol. F. D. Winston, of the Legislative committee, was master of ceremonies. The Governor and party arrived at 11 o'clock on a special train from Goldsboro.

Governor Russell presented Governor Aycock to be sworn in, saying, "I present for qualification according to the constitution and law the Governor-elect of this Commonwealth."

Governor Aycock began speaking at 12:55 and spoke thirty-five minutes. He was heard with the closest attention. At close of the speech Governor Russell was the first to shake hands with him.

A review of the troops from the balcony of the Yarrowborough followed. There were twelve companies of State Guards, three divisions of the Naval reserves, and four companies of cadets. The military made a very fine appearance.

The affair was in all respects the grandest inauguration ever witnessed here.

TRIAL OF KNOCK-OUT-DROP MEN.

The Three Murderers Put on Trial This Morning—Death a Haggard and Broken Man.

By Wire to The Telegram.

Pateron, N. J., Jan. 15.—The trial of McAllister, Death, and Campbell, the three men charged with having killed Jennie Bosscheiter with knock-out drops and by assault, began here today. All these men belong to respectable families.

When the prisoners entered the room it was evident to the spectators that Death had broken down and was a changed man. He has no longer the brightest and most cheerful of the villainous trio, but the most haggard and broken. He held aloof when McAllister and Campbell talked in whispers.

Undertaker Vermeulen, who had charge of Jennie Bosscheiter's body at the funeral testified today that the body had been embalmed. The questions of the defense were very searching. The whole process of the embalming was described.

Prof. Witthaus, an expert chemist, testified that he found three drops of chloral hydrate in a bottle which the accused threw from the carriage. Dr. McBride, the county physician, testified that in his opinion Jennie died of chloral hydrate poisoning.

Dr. Townsend testified that McAllister, Kerr, Campbell, cabman and the girl were in the cab when it called at his house at two o'clock on the morning of October 19. McAllister called him to come into the street. He examined the girl and found her body growing cold, and said, "I can do nothing, she is dead." He thought she had been dead about an hour.

He further testified that the girls hair was loose, hanging over her shoulders. There was no mark or wound. This reply was considered very important, as tending to prove the prosecution's statement that the girl's body had been taken out to the ice house after her death and thrown against a rock, to create false impression in regard to the cause of death.

About forty head of horses were sold this afternoon at Wheeler Brothers' livery stable. They were very good stock and brought fair prices, some of them going over the two hundred dollar mark.

GREENE'S CAMPAIGN OF 1780-1

JOHN ADAMS, JUDGE SCHENCK, GEN. BOYNTON AND OTHERS AGREE.

Livingstone and Robert Morris Concur in Their Opinions—Attention Called to General Boynton's Address of July 4th Last—Dates of the Following Letters Important.

To the Editor of The Telegram:
General Henry V. Boynton, President of the Chickamauga National Park Commission, honored us with an address at Guilford Battle Ground on the 4th of July last. While his address embraced Alamance, Moore's Creek, etc., at the beginning of the Revolution, it was confined principally to a review of operations in the Southern department for the years 1780-81. In this excellent address General Boynton was decidedly complimentary to the Southern department and especially to North Carolina. His speech was printed in pamphlet form by the Battle Ground company and is commended to the thoughtful perusal of all.

We are glad to know that Judge Schenck's "brilliant and exhaustive history setting forth the splendid part which unconquered and unconquerable North Carolina played throughout the Revolutionary War" is being daily more and more read and appreciated. There was in General Boynton's speech a ring to the honor of North Carolina that we do not remember to have heard from abroad since Bancroft wrote, as the author had in possession in the preparation of his paper books and pamphlets produced and published under the auspices and through the stimulus of the Guilford Battle Ground Company, we, as a member of that company confess to a degree of complacency thereat.

The following extracts from the "Diplomatic Correspondence of the American Revolution," by Wharton, as bearing upon this period will doubtless prove of interest and is certainly confirmatory of opinions expressed in the book, pamphlets and speech above referred to. These extracts were written just after the battles of King's Mountain, Cowpens, Guilford Courthouse, etc., had been fought.

Page 363—John Adams to Franklin (Paris)—Leyden, (Holland) April 16, 1781: "I think the Southern States will have the honor after all, of putting the continent in a right way to finish the business of the war. There has been more sheer fighting there, in proportion than anywhere."

Page 419—Adams to Franklin (Amsterdam) May 16, 1781: "The news from the Southern States of America of continual fighting, in which our countrymen have done themselves great honor * * has raised the spirits of this nation (Holland) from that unmanly gloom and despondency into which they had been thrown by defeats by the English."

Page 802—Livingstone, Secretary for Foreign Affairs to Dana, in Europe: Philadelphia, Oct. 22nd, 1781. "I have the pleasure of communicating to you the important account of the signal victories which have lately been obtained over the enemy in this quarter, one by General Greene which has been followed by the re-establishment of the governments of South Carolina and Georgia. The other at Yorktown. You will not fail to make the best use of this intelligence, which must fix our independence, not only beyond all doubt, but even beyond all controversy."

Page 817—Robert Morris to General Greene: Office of Finance, Nov. 2, 1781. "Your favor of the 11th of September last has been delivered to me, etc. I hope it is unnecessary to make assurances of my disposition to render your situation both easy and respectable. I am sure it is unnecessary to remark how inadequate the provisions have been which the States have hitherto made; at least it is unnecessary to you. I have neither forgotten nor neglected your department. I have done the utmost to provide clothing, arms, accoutrements, medicines, hospital stores, etc., and I flatter myself that you will receive through the different departments both benefit and relief from my exertions * * You have done so much with so little that my wishes to increase your activity have every possible stimulus."

Yours truly,
JOSEPH M. MOREHEAD,
V-President Guilford Battle Ground Company.

The above extracts are from Wharton's "Diplomatic Correspondence of the American Revolution," Volume four.

Today's news for today's readers in The Telegram.

THE BRAIN

is fed by the eyes. 'Tis said that Parents who neglect their children's eyes are MORE CRUEL than the Chinese who encase the feet of their little ones. One dwarfs the feet, the other stunts the mind. DRS. MOORE can help you. They guarantee satisfaction.

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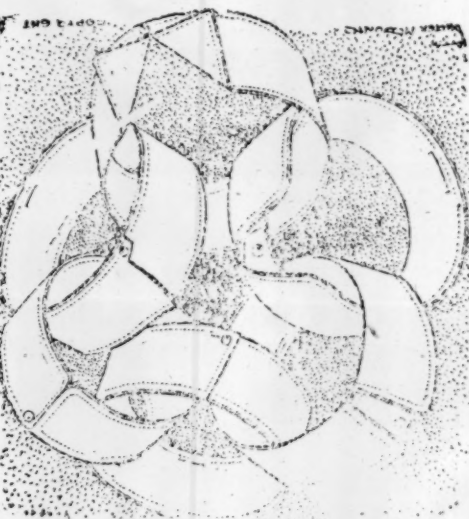
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We will be closed Monday and Tuesday, 24th and 25th, so send in your bundles early or 'phone 176.
W.A. Fields, Prop. F. B. Reid, Mgr.

HUSTLING Young man can make \$60 per month and expenses. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Write quick for particulars. Clark & Co., 4th and Locust streets., Philadelphia, Pa. a26t

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HAMPTON & HAITHCOCK

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THE CHILD'S PROTECTOR AND PARENTS' DELIGHT.

Druggists sell it—25 cents.

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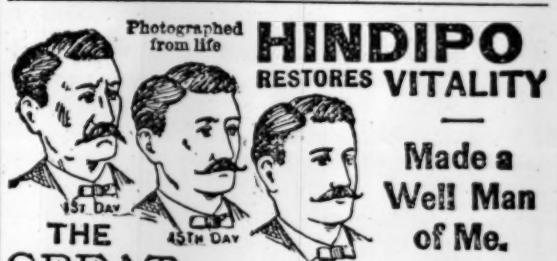
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GOVERNOR AYCOCK'S ADDRESS.

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able of meeting either test shall vote. A white man can read and write he can vote; if a negro can read and write he can vote. If a white man cannot read and write, but is descended from one who could vote on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, or if he could himself vote before that time, he can vote. There is, therefore, in our amendment no taint of that inequality provided against in the fifteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States; and in order that the question might not even be suggested and realizing the importance of educating the white and black alike, our amendment requires every boy of whatever color, now 13 years of age to learn to read and write under penalty of losing his vote. Interpreted in this fashion we may with complacency accept the declaration of the Republican national platform, that our amendment is revolutionary. So was the war of independence distinctly known as the Revolution and our liberties are founded upon it. Our amendment may be revolutionary, but it is a revolution of advancement. It takes no step backward, it distinctly looks to the future; it sees the day of universal suffrage, but sees that day, not in the obscurity of ignorance, but in the light of universal education. The twilight will grow into the perfect day with the sun of intelligence shining in the sky. That is our hope and promise. We shall not fail.

Will Fulfill His Promise.

On a hundred platforms, to half the voters of the state in the late campaign, I pledged the State, its strength, its heart, its wealth, to universal education. I promised the illiterate poor man, bound to a life of toil and struggle and poverty that life should be brighter for his boy and girl than it had been for him and the partner of his sorrows and joys. I pledged the wealth of the state to the education of his children. Men of wealth, representatives of our great corporations applauded eagerly my declaration. I then realized that the strong desire which dominated me for the uplifting of the whole people moved not only my heart, but was likewise the hope and aspiration of those upon whom fortune had smiled. I had loved the North Carolina people before that time, but I never knew and appreciated the best qualities of many of our citizens until I saw the owners of many thousands as eager for the education of the whole people as I was myself. Then I knew that the hope and task before us, Gentlemen of the Legislature, was not an impossible one.

We are prospering as never before—our wealth increases, our industries multiply, our commerce extends and among the owners of this wealth, this multiplying industry, this extending commerce, I have found no man who is unwilling to make the state stronger and better by liberal aid to the cause of education.

Pleads for Education.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly, you will not have aught to fear when you make ample provision for the education of the whole people. Rich and poor alike are bound by promise and necessity to approve your utmost efforts in this direction. The platforms of all the parties declare in favor of a liberal policy towards the education of the masses; notably the Democratic platform says:

"We heartily commend the action of the General Assembly of 1899 for appropriating \$100,000 for the benefit of the public schools of the state, and pledge ourselves to increase the school fund so as to make at least a four months' term in each year in every school district in the state."

Poor and unlettered men, anxious about the privileges of their children and hesitating to vote to the amendment, were finally persuaded to accept our promise and place their children in a position in which they can never vote unless the pledges which we made are redeemed to the fullest extent.

If more taxes are required to carry out this promise to the people more taxes must be levied. If property has escaped taxation heretofore which ought to have been taxed, means must be devised by which that property can be reached and put on the tax list. I would cripple no industry; I would retard the growth of no enterprise; but I would by just and equal laws require from every owner of property his just contribution, to the end that all the children may secure the right to select their servants.

Favors General Education.

Appropriations alone cannot remove illiteracy from our state. With the appropriations must come also an increased interest in this cause which shall not cease until every child can read and write. The preachers, the teachers, the newspapers and the mothers of North Carolina must be unceasing in their efforts to arouse the indifferent and compel by the force of public opinion the attendance of every child upon the schools. It is easier to accomplish this since the amendment to our constitution raises its solemn voice and declares that the child who arrives at age after 1908 cannot share in the glorious privilege of governing his state nor participate in the policies of the nation unless he can read and write. This is, therefore, the opportune moment for the revival of educational interest throughout the length and breadth of the state. We shall not accomplish this work in a day nor can it be done by many speeches. It is a work of years to be done day by day with a full realization of its importance and with that anxious interest on our part which will stimulate the careless and will make all our people eager to attain the end which we seek. Our statesmen have always favored the education of the masses, but heretofore interest in the matter has not approached universality.

An Era of Industrial Development.

We enter an era of industrial development. Growth in that direction is dependent upon intelligence—not the intelligence of the few, but of all. Massachusetts realized this fact from the day when the Pilgrim Fathers landed on Plymouth Rock and by that clear perception she has won wealth out of bleak coasts and sterile lands. Our forefathers acknowledged the same fact in their first constitution and from that time to the present our constitution and legislative acts have all looked towards this end; but the whole people have never before been awakened to its advocacy.

Care must be taken on your part, gentlemen of the legislature, to bring the schools in the remotest districts up to the standard of the constitution, that at least four months of school must be carried on in every school district in each year. Our party platform follows the constitution and we cannot afford to violate either. If there are districts which are weak they must be strengthened by those which are strong. The good book tells us that the strong should bear the infirmities of the weak, and the lessons of that great authority are of utility in our political life. There has grown up an idea among strenuous men that only the strong are to be considered and benefited; that the poor and weak are the burden bearers who deserve no aid and are weak because of their follies. A great state can never act on this theory, but will always recognize that the strong can care for themselves while the true aim of the state is to provide equal and just laws, giving to the weak opportunity to grow strong and restraining the powerful from oppressing the less fortunate.

Thousands of Republicans and Populists joined with us in securing our more than 60,000 majority. I shall, therefore, confidently expect you, gentlemen of the legislature, without regard to party, to frame an election law fair in every purpose, clear in every detail and to provide machinery by which every man qualified under our constitution shall be able to vote and shall know that his vote is effective.

We have a great state, rich in noble manhood, richer still in her high-minded womanhood; a state with countless treasures awaiting seekers; with riches in her fields and woods, streams and sounds, hills and mountains sufficient to satisfy our dreams of wealth; with a frugal and industrious population ready to toil just awakening fully to the possibilities before them. All that we need "to complete the circle of our felicities" is peace.

From Currituck to Cherokee the law must have full sway. The mob has no place in our civilization. The courts are the creation of the constitution and the juries are drawn from the people. If changes be necessary in order to secure a better and more certain administration of justice, you, gentlemen of the legislature, can make these changes, but it should be distinctly and finally understood of all men that safety can be found only in obedience to law.

I wish to say to the negroes of this state that they have been misinformed if they have heard that this administration will be unfriendly to them. Their every right under the constitution shall be absolutely preserved; they will find security in right conduct and certain punishment for failure to obey the law. Let them learn that crimes which lead to mob law must cease and then mob law shall curse our state no more. I call upon all upright negroes to aid me in suppressing crime in all its forms. The white people owe a high duty to the negro. It was necessary to the safety of the state to base suffrage on capacity to exercise it wisely. This results in excluding a great number of negroes from the ballot, but their right to life, liberty, property and justice must be even more carefully safeguarded than ever. It is true that a superior race cannot submit to the rule of a weaker race without injury; it is also true in the long years of God that the strong cannot oppress the weak without destruction. I said on April 11, 1900, and I now repeat it as a deep conviction, that "universal justice is the perpetual decree of Almighty God, and we are entrusted with power not for our good alone, but for the negro as well. We hold our title to power by tenure of service to God, and if we fail to administer equal and exact justice to the negro whom we deprive of suffrage, we shall in the fulness of time lose power ourselves, for we must know that the God who is love trusts no people with authority for the purpose of enabling them to do injustice to the weak."

I come to the high task to which the people have called me with many misgivings. I know, if not adequately, something of my weakness and I likewise know, if not to the fullest extent, the many difficulties which will beset my way. I come to the work humbly, with deep anxiety and with an earnest desire to serve the people well.

Chosen by my party unanimously, elected by the people by a majority such as has never been given to any other man, I am bound by every obligation to serve to my utmost. The task is a difficult one. I shall make mistakes. When I shall have done the right thing I shall even then sometimes be misunderstood by my friends who will see my action, not from my standpoint as the governor of the state, but from theirs. When I shall have done wrong I shall not expect approval; I do not wish it. I want to know my mistakes to the end that I may correct them, because I am certain that I shall be judged at last by the whole tenor of my administration and by no one particular act.

I have been elected as a Democrat. I shall administer the high office to which I have been called in accordance with the policies and principles of that great party, but I wish it distinctly understood that I shall strive to be a just governor of all the people without regard to party, color or creed. The law will be enforced with impartiality and no man's petition shall go unheard and unconsidered because he differs from me in politics, or in color. My obligation is to the state and the state is all her citizens.

I shall need the support of every citizen in the state. My work is your work; I am but your servant and if I serve you wisely it will be because my ears shall be constantly open to counsel and my mind shall be, so far as in me lies, kept free from prejudice to the end that I may know wisdom. But with all the aid which can come from men I shall fail unless I have the guidance of that God who rules the destinies of states and nations and men, to whom with reverence I commend this good state and her gracious people.

Living news in The Telegram.

BOYCOTT'S

Is the place to buy
your Staple and
Fancy Groceries
Corner of Walker
Avenue and Spring
Street.

R.K. GREGORY, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Residence and Office:

330 N. Green St.
Special Attention
to diseases of
Females.

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Builder and Contractor,

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Daily by Mail -- -- \$6 a Year.
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The Sunday Sun

Is the greatest Sunday Newspaper
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Price 6c a copy. By mail \$2 a year
Address THE SUN, New York.

CANDY
ESCULETT'S
CURE PILES

and all rectal disorders. Pleasant—
Not a physic. Satisfaction guaranteed
or money refunded. 50 cents.

C. E. HOLTON

HOWARD GARDNER

We Wish to Return Thanks

For the generous patronage
given us by the people of
Greensboro during 1900, and
we hope we may expect a
continuance of that patronage
in 1901.

Very truly,

Wharton Bros.

The Bee Hive

January Reduction Sale

SHOE SALE

Ladies' \$1.00 Shoe Reduced to 69c.
Ladies' \$1.25 Shoe Reduced to 98c.
Ladies' \$1.75 Shoe Reduced to \$1.25
Ladies' \$2.00 Shoe Reduced to \$1.48.
Ladies' \$3.00 Shoe Reduced to \$1.98.
Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Shoe Reduced to 98c.
Men's \$1.75 Shoe Reduced to \$1.25.
Men's \$2.50 Shoe Reduced to \$1.48.
Men's \$2.75 and \$3.00 Reduced to \$1.98.
Men's 4.00 Shoes Reduced to \$2.98.

GREAT EMBROIDERY SALE



1000 yards fine Embroidery
worth 6, 7 and 8 cents. Reduced
to 5 cents. 5,000 yards
very fine Embroidery 12½ and
15 cent quality, reduced to
10 cents. Bleached Long
cloth and Lonsdale Cambric
at 1 and ½ cents less than you
can buy it elsewhere.

R. G. FORTUNE & CO

320 AND 322 SOUTH ELM ST.



VIGOR OF MEN

MAGNETIC
NERVINE

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored. Sold with a Written
Guarantee to cure
Lost Vitality, Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory, and all
Wasting Diseases and all Weaknesses resulting from early or later
excesses. \$1 per box, 6 for \$5. Mailed to any address on receipt of price.
The Best Medicine Co., St. Paul, Minn.

For Sale by JOHN B. FARISS, Druggist
GREENSBORO, N. C.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and
the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result.
The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.
C. E. HOLTON, Druggist.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, OCTOBER 20, 1899.
J. W. FRY, President. J. S. COX, Vice-Pres. W. F. ALLEN, Sec. Treas.

Greensboro Loan and Trust Company,

Capital Stock, \$100,000.00.

Furnish travellers letters of credit, available in all parts of the world
Does a general banking business. Makes loans on improved real estate. Ne-
gotiates mortgages and acts as trustee. Acts as guardian, executor and ad-
ministrator of estates. Safety deposit boxes for rent.

A Legal Depository of Court and Trust Funds.
Trust funds to loan on improved city property.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Odell,
R. M. Rees,
Geo. S. Sergeant,
R. R. King,
J. S. Cox.

John Gill, Baltimore, Md.
W. H. Watkins, Ramseur, N. C.
O. R. Cox, Cedar Fall, N. C.
W. F. Williams, Red Sps., N. C.
J. A. Hadley, Mt. Airy, N. C.
S. Bryant, Randleman, N. C.
Elwood Cox, High Point, N. C.

B. F. Mebane,
W. L. Grissom,
W. D. McAdoo,
R. P. Gray,
J. W. Fry

The Great Strike of Coal

Miners will make coal more
expensive this winter.

Don't waste it by trying to heat your
house with some of the old-time waste-
ful methods, but let us put you in an
up-to-date

Hot Water or Steam Heating Plant.

It will save you money and you will
be able to keep comfortable during
the cold winter weather which is sure
to come.



J. R. RICH & SON

(Successors to ODELL HARDWARE Co. in Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting.)
327 SOUTH ELM STREET.

ALL GRADES OF SOFT AND HARD

COAL

Greensboro Ice

AND Coal Company

We guarantee our weights and give you prompt service and clean
coal.

GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER.

Greensboro Telegram.

-BY-
The Greensboro Publishing Company

Directors of the Company: C. G. Wright, President; J. Van Lindley, Vice-President; J. S. Hunter, E. J. Stafford, J. W. Scott, Chas. H. Ireland, A. W. McAllister, W. L. Grissom, R. W. Brooks, Lee H. Battle, W. C. Bain, J. W. Fry, J. M. Hendrix, J. M. Walker.

R. F. BEASLEY, Editor and Manager

TUESDAY, JANUARY 15

A NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Four years ago a Governor of North Carolina was inaugurated who began his address with the words, "There is retribution in history," meaning thereby that his faction had at last put its feet upon the neck of another party and the advantage should be pressed to the utmost. Today is inaugurated a man who says "by the grace of God and the help of the people, I shall be the Governor of the whole State."

In his inaugural, presented elsewhere in the Telegram, Governor Aycock comes to the full measure required of him. Not since Vance last assumed the gubernatorial chair has so much been expected and hoped for from an administration as is looked for from the one that at noon this day took the oath of office. As its head announces, there will be mistakes, there will be shortcomings, less would be greater than human. But the great thing is that the young man has gone up from the plains into the mountain top and has seen the vision, caught the inspiration of a new era and a new century, flung a new ideal athwart the breaking light of new skies, and bids us lift our eyes to a new, a grander horizon. We shall not see the day perhaps when "the kindly earth shall slumber, lapt in universal law," but it is something to know that we are on the threshold of a kindlier, better day, and that the young man sees with a ken beyond his predecessors, and that he would have others see, and seeing, help him realize.

We have been creditably informed that there is a large sentiment in the eastern section of the State for so amending the constitution as to make the school taxes paid by the white race go exclusively for the support of white schools and those collected from the colored race for colored schools. We hope this is not true. The Telegram has already expressed condemnation of the idea as unwise and ungenerous. One of the wise old landmarks of Guilford county used to remark that there were so many ways for a man to make a fool of himself that it was hard for a fellow to miss them all. We have no doubt that the old gentleman would have applied the same remark to now-a-day legislatures, and if the present body indulges in much talk on this proposition of unfriendliness to the negro it will have undoubtedly fallen upon one of the snares.

The Telegram's dispatches yesterday noted the fact that President Taft, of the Philippine Commission, had emphatically informed an organization of Catholics that religion could not be taught in the public schools. This is one of the greatest blessings that the American system will confer upon the orientals. It alone is worth more than anything that could come to them in years, if at all, under a native government. A native reign would mean the perpetuation of enslaving Spanish and oriental ideas. Whether the United States goes there with or without the Constitution it will carry civil and ecclesiastical liberty and personal opportunity, the three great principles that work for the progress and happiness of a people.

SALARIES.

There can hardly be a difference of opinion in regard to the increase by the Legislature of the Governor's salary to \$4,000, though the measure for some reason elicited 53 negative votes. We believe the increase should have been to \$5,000. When it is remembered what returns are going to men of brains in finance, commerce, and manufacturing now, it is unreasonable to require such men as we need for the public business to work for so much less than their talents could command in private fields. There are plenty of men who would be glad to be governor for \$3,000 or much less, but it is not the kind we need. Meagre salaries will, without a doubt, eventually drive men of talent and strong character out of the service of the State. The inferior position of a congressman commands even \$5,000, and there are very few congressmen who measure up to the standard which we should set for our governors. The same argument as to the results of the meagreness of salaries applies to those attached to our judicial positions. It is well known that a first class lawyer in North Carolina must make a sacrifice to become a Superior or a Supreme court judge. The State deserves the best service of its best citizens, but it cannot justly demand them at so great a sacrifice. The same applies to preachers and teachers.

Measured by the amount of work to be done and the need of it at this moment in our State, the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction is the most important. Yet this position offers to pay for a man equal to the great task the pitiful sum of \$1,500. This legislature or the subsequent one ought to increase this salary to at least \$3,000, to become operative before the next incumbent assumes office.

A DIAMOND AT LIBERTY.

He Goes Back After a Spell and Takes a Whirl With the Boys and Discovers Copper, Gold, Silver and Amalgam.

Liberty, January 14.—A decade has sped away since we paid this lively, rollicking, pushing, little town our last visit. Many new enterprises have sprung into existence since that time and many more are on the tapis. We are pleased to note the enlargement of the Male and Female Institute, with its additional corps of efficient teachers in every department.

The roller mill of Messrs. Pickett, Patterson & Co. is nearing completion and will be a potent factor in building up, widening out and intensifying the interest of this beautiful and healthful little city. The manufacturing interest is not behind. Our friend Wilbur Overman is pushing things to the front; by the way, he's a long headed fellow and keeps apace with the onward march. Mr. Harden of livery stable notoriety, is up to date in horses, mules, vehicles, etc. The mercantile world is respectably represented by quite a goodly number of knights of the yard stick, who dispense their wares a la mode.

The drug business is presided over by the polite and gifted, Dr. R. D. Patterson, than whom no man in the State can wield the spatula with more ease and grace. Unusual for a town of this size, we find a first class tonorial parlor, fitted up in elegant style and superintended by our generous and capable friend, Dr. J. O. Overman.

Dr. A. J. Patterson still worships at the shrines of Esculapius and Golem with a masterly hand. Ye depot agent, Mr. Pepper, holds the Southern fast in princely style, and don't fail to treat ye N. P. man with proper courtesy and kindness. Our old, tried and noble friend, Henry W. Crutchfield, is still basking in the winning smiles of old blue back Webster and Walker, teaching the young idea how to shoot, (marbles). Now, a few words about ourself. Success has attended our efforts in this, Randolph county, also Alamance and Guilford. We have unearthed some very fine specimens of copper, gold, silver, and amalgam. Will give you details in the future.

Three cheers and a tiger for The Telegram. May its shadow never grow less, nor its exchequer become depleted.

DIAMOND.

HERE AND YONDER BITS

President Charles D. (not Chas. D.) McIver, of the State Normal and Industrial College, is highly gratified with the reception of his plan to raise a loan fund for needy girls, of \$100,000, by securing throughout the State 1,000 subscriptions of \$100 each. He has not yet made any canvass, all subscriptions so far having been voluntary. He expects to get 100 before leaving Greensboro. This will be \$10,000, or one tenth of the entire amount.

Postmaster Tyree Glenn sprang a new joke yesterday. Not that he doesn't spring them often, for he does, real often, but this one was above the average, even his average. He had heard of a man, who, sometime before the August election declared that he would not vote for any man or measure that did not exactly represent his position. He was asked what he stood for and replied "absolute prohibition." His questioner noticed at the election that the man was voting for the amendment, and asked him how he could be voting for anything like that when he had said that he voted only for absolute prohibition. "Oh, well," he replied, "this is absolute prohibition—prohibits the Absolute from voting."

Don't hesitate to kick about anything you don't happen to like about the new Opera House or City Hall. Kicking is an American birthright, unsold and unpurchasable. Of course the kicking will not affect the proper construction of the building. That is being done according to the plans and the plans were made by those who knew their business. But then we are all fond of kicking and of talking about our neighbors and this blessed privilege shall never be abridged in free America. One man objects that the roof is too flat; another that the dome is too small. The rear loft for the scenery to be run into, says another, should not be there. (Mr. Gates says he has built four opera houses, and unless the auditorium is studded with pillars to support a higher roof the scenery loft has to be there.) Another says that the dome is going to prevent the people on the northeast hearing the fire alarm. But with all our kicking, say we all, we are satisfied that the business is going to be done right, and that we will have the nicest Opera House in the State. We have to kick because there are so few holidays.

Academy
Of Music
FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1901
Blatchford
Kavanagh AND
"Roney's
Boys"

Unapproachable in the combination of novelty, attractiveness and artistic merit. Absolutely without competition,

Mr. Blatchford Kavanagh
Baritone Soloist
Master Harry Cockrell - - - Soprano
Master Jamie Grippen
Mezzo-Soprano
Master Harold Maurer - - - Contralto
Master Tracy Holbrook - - - Violinist
Mr. Henry B. Roney
Musical Director and Manager

Tickets now on sale at
Fariss' Drug Store--Reserved
seats 75 cents.

A Great Reduction in
Pianos, Organs and Sewing
Machines.

Owing to some changes to be made in our business we will sell all stock now on hand at a reduction of 20 per cent. Beginning Tuesday January 15th.
A. D. JONES & Co.

Real Estate Bargains For Next Week

--BY--

Southern Loan & Trust Co.,

6 room cottage on Bragg street with barn, good well of water, all in good condition, also 4 vacant lots 71x198, all for \$1800.00. 92 acre farm, 3 miles east of city on public road. 60 acres in oak and pine timber. A very desirable place and cheap at \$1800.00. Choice vacant lot corner of Schenck and Wainman, to go at \$650.00 for immediate sale.

FOR RENT—10 room modern house on West Market street. Has range, hot and cold baths, and all conveniences for a pleasant home.

CHEST PROTECTORS...

Some expensive, some not, but all of an exceptionally good quality. Just the thing to keep you warm these cold days. .50, .75, 1.00, 1.50.

...FARISS' DRUG STORE

121 S. ELM STREET.

SOUTHERN STOCK MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
& UNDERWRITERS OF GREENSBORO.

Combined Assets - - - \$254,818.87.

You Can Save From 15 to 20 Per Cent in the Cost of Your Fire Insurance. When you insure call for these Greensboro Companies:

Wharton, McAllister & Vaughn,
Murray Bros.,
D. C. Waddell,
O. W. Carr & Co.,
Tate & Todd,

Greensboro
Agents.

Machinery And Land Sale

One Brick Machine, made by J. C. Steele, Statesville, N. C., with automatic cutter, will make from 20,000 to 25,000 brick in ten hours. Can be seen at Piedmont Foundry. Also one lot on Walker Avenue, just above Kirkpatrick brick house, 75x125. Also nine acres land, old brickyard place, adjoining park recently sold to Tyree Glenn and others. North Buffalo Creek runs through middle, giving plenty of water.

D. A. KIRKPATRICK.

More New Goods
Diamonds, Watches, Clocks.

Sterling Silverware, Rich American Cut Glass. A nice line of Gold Jewelry and Sterling Silver Novelites. And our prices are right.

Rosenblatt & Ellington,
at the Little Store Around the Corner.
Engraving Free. 'Phone 147.

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY
IN
The Peoples Savings Bank

Of Greensboro, N. C. Established in 1887 under the Savings Bank Law of the State, for the promotion of habits of thrift and economy among the people. The only bank in the city doing no other than strictly a Savings Bank business. Pays four per cent compound interest on time deposits.

NET DEPOSITS DECEMBER 31ST 1900—\$170,269.91.

J. W. SCOTT.

President

J. A. D. HODGIN,

Treasurer.

Don't Fail to Call On A. D. Jones & Co.

When in town for Catalogue and prices on Pianos Organs, Sewing Machines, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Strings, Sheet Music, Needles, Oils, and Sewing Machine Supplies for all Machines. Nice lot just received for Holiday trade.

Pianos from \$175 up; Organs from \$35 up; New Machines \$16 up. Goods shipped direct from factory to customer if desired. We sell on easy terms to suit one and all. Save agents' commissions and local dealers' profits. We challenge comparison, invite competition, and guarantee satisfaction.

All standard goods guaranteed from 10 to 20 years.

Opp. Hotel Guilford.

PERSONA

Mr. Peter Price

afternoon.

Mr. C. E. Brow

this morning.

Mr. B. W. R.

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H. F

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. Peter Price went to Raleigh this afternoon.

Mr. C. E. Brower went to Raleigh this morning.

Mr. B. W. Raney spent today in Danville on business.

Mr. C. S. Cude went to Guilford College this afternoon.

Mr. John R. Cutchin spent the afternoon in Burlington.

Hon. John S. Cunningham, of Granville county, was here last night on his way to Raleigh.

General and Mrs. J. S. Carr were here this morning returning home from a trip North.

Mr. Henry Turner, of Iredell county, arrived at noon on a visit to his brother, Dr. J. P. Turner.

Rev. W. L. Grissom, who has been quite sick for several weeks past, left last evening for Cleveland Springs to spend some time recuperating.

Prof. D. B. Smith, of Winston, spent last night in the city with his parents, leaving this morning for Spartanburg, S. C., where he will assist in instituting a lodge of Elks.

Mrs. G. W. Whitsett returned this afternoon from Statesville where she went to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sallie Armfield, whose death occurred last Saturday.

Miss Mollie Barnes, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. C. Fordham, on North Edgeworth street, left this morning for her home in Dunn. Mrs. Fordham and little son, Edward, accompanied her and will spend a month there.

Services Last Night.

A large congregation gathered in the First Presbyterian church last night. Dr. Smith preached on "The Judgement to Come," Acts, 24:25. The Holy Spirit was manifestly present in His sanctifying and converting power. Services every night this week (except Saturday), at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

Enlist for Cuba.

Yesterday was a good day for recruits in Greensboro, six volunteering to work for Uncle Sam in Cuba. They were Charles F. Inman, of Westfield, N. C.; William W. Scales, of Ararat, Va.; Roy N. Heath, of Ashley, N. C.; Walter and Thomas Gentry, of Gentry, N. C.; all for the infantry service in Cuba.

To Live in Burlington.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Williams will leave tomorrow for Burlington, where they will make their home in the future. They move from Greensboro because they intend going to house-keeping and were unable to find a house conveniently located in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Williams have many friends here who regret to lose them.

Received \$750 From the Railroad.

The case of Jeffreys, who was hurt between cars, vs. the Southern Railway occupied all the forenoon of the court yesterday. The plaintiff was represented by Col. Jas. T. Morehead and Hon. Chas. M. Stedman. The defendants by Messrs. King & Kimball. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$750.

Dr. Turner Banqueted.

A stag supper was given last night at Clegg's hotel complimentary to Dr. Turner. It was a very well attended affair of ten courses, and was served in Clegg's best style. Those present were Drs. J. P. Turner, Charles Scott, J. S. Betts, and Messrs. H. B. Sterrett, R. P. Walters, T. L. McLean, Lewis Howlett, and S. C. Todd.

Quarterly Conference.

The first quarterly conference will be held at West Market street Methodist church tonight at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance earnestly requested.

Card of Thanks.

I desire to extend my sincere thanks to the officers and members of the Odd Fellows and Junior Order for their fraternal care and assistance shown my husband during his sickness and death. Your kind acts and encouragement during the hours of our trouble continually reminded us of that true brotherly love and friendship that exist among you.

May God's blessings rest upon you and brotherly love prevail.

MRS. JULIA A. FRY.

Card of Thanks.

We sincerely thank our many friends for kindnesses shown and the expressed sympathy in our sore bereavement.

H. F. STARR AND FAMILY.

Carolina Shoe Company Sold

The Carolina Shoe Company this afternoon sold out to a firm composed of Mr. Roscoe Ward, Mrs. Mittie Ward, and Mr. J. J. Upchurch, of Montic, Ga. Letters of incorporation were applied for under the name of the Ward Shoe Company. The business will be conducted at the stand occupied by the Carolina Shoe Company, and will be under the management of Mr. Roscoe Ward. Mr. Ward aside from being a thorough and careful business man, is familiar with the details of the shoe business and will successfully conduct the business.

Mr. S. B. Norris, the former manager, will go on the road.

A Lively Pummeling.

A fast and furious scrap occurred early this morning on the street near the postoffice corner. Ex-Sheriff Cook and Jesse Swain, the night watchman at the Huomuga mill, met and without apparent cause fell into a lively tussle. After one or two licks had been passed the two went down over a pile of trash which had just been raked up. Swain was on top. Deputy Sheriff Jones rushed up and pitched in to part them, which he succeeded in doing, after help came. The men had not heretofore been at enmity, and something which passed at the moment caused the trouble. Both were scratched but not seriously hurt.

Notices of New Advertisements.

J. M. Hendrix & Co. advertise a lot of Leaksville blankets in today's Telegram. The goods are too well known to require any recommendation—see them.

S. L. Gilmer & Co. will close out one hundred scarfs and table cloths at less than usual factory prices—see ad on page eight.

PIANOS AT WHOLESALE.

The Wissner Piano Company will sell not more than two pianos at wholesale prices in each town in North Carolina.—Geo. H. Snyder, State Representative, Winston, N. C.

FOR LAGRIFFE AND HEADACHE

use the tried and true remedy. Never Disappoints.....

HICK'S CAPUDINE

JANUARY 11TH

We make a Special Offer

15 Per Cent Off

For the next 30 days ONLY on everything in our store except Diamonds. We have some choice articles suitable for wedding gifts.

Schiffman Jewelry Company

Leading Jewelers.

FANCY WORK.

Just received, another lot of Fancy Work, Pincushions, Yarns, New Braids, Patterns. Call and examine our line, it will interest you.

The Ladies' Emporium

TOOTHACHE

Or any trouble with your Teeth?

GET RELIEF

By the easiest and most scientific methods.

SEE

Dr. Griffith, Dentist

Office in K. of P. Bldg, 225 1/2 South Elm Street.

AT LAST

Gold Signs can be put on

To Stav.

No more guessing.

Henley & Weatherly

...SIGNS...

Tomato

Seed

Fresh

at

Gardner's

(Plant in Boxes Now).

One-Cent-a-Word.

SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING taught. Paul Cobb, McDuffie Building, over Hendrix's store.

SECOND hand engine for sale, 20 horse power, in good condition. Greensboro Steam Laundry. 14-35

DRAYAGE—Phone 104 for quick delivery. G. A. Kestler. n14 1m

300 tons best lump coal on hand. Now is the time to buy. Cunningham Bros. j3-tf

FOR SALE—Dwelling on South Side with splendid shade in front, lot 1,000 feet deep. Price \$2,500. Apply to A. E. Blair.

ONE hundred pairs girls shoes, all sizes, from 11 1/2 to 4, lace and button, to be sold at cut prices to reduce stock. Light, medium and heavy weights, all sorts in this lot, but all of them good solid shoes. Price \$1, \$1.15, up to \$1.35. Thacker & Brockmann.

WANTED, a nice second hand roller top desk. State condition and price. Apply at The Telegram office. tf.

CUNNINGHAM Bros. sell the best coals that can be had. Fine and oak wood also. Send them your orders. j3-tf

LADIES' Union suits worth \$1.50, reduced to \$1.17; ladies' Union suits worth 90 cents, reduced to 69 cents; children's Union suits and separate garments, all sizes at popular prices. Thacker & Brockmann.

ARE you looking for something for a nice present? What is the matter with a nice gas portable lamp complete with tubing connections, reading globes, etc. Another nice one would be one of our hydro carbon students' lamp. They are beauties; see the new supply received today. Gate City Supply Co., 217 South Elm street. Phone 161.

The Reputation

of a store, like that of a man is no small part of its capital. Honesty is an asset which we believe our customers appreciate at its full value. Our prescription work is the best that science, experience and money can produce.

Holton's Drug Store

McAdoo House Building.



Will positively cure Chills and Fever and all Malarial Troubles. None genuine without the signature of

W.C. Porter

For sale by Coble & Porter.

MONDAY

Special White and Wash Goods Sale Day at HARRY-BELK BROS. CO.

15 Cent Lawn at 10 cents
15 Cent Dimities at 10c.

New Lot Zephyr Gingham at 8. 1-2c Monday

Bleaching at less than manufacturer's price. English Long Cloth, 12 yds for \$1.15. Burkely and Burley Long Cloth and Cambrics. Pride of the West Bleaching. Nainsooks and Cambrics 7 1/2 cents up. Will also have a few specials in Dress Goods. Cast your eyes on our job shoe counter. Shoes on it worth \$2.00 and \$2.50, your choice at 98 cents. Answer the bell call when it rings at your door like this.

Harry=Belk Bros. Co

Cheapest Store on Earth

Phone 130

This Cold Weather

Should Prompt You to take advantage of the extremely low prices we are quoting on our stock of winter suits and overcoats. We are selling some of our \$9.50, \$10.00, \$11.50, \$12.50 and \$14.00 suits, for

\$7.50 EACH

We are determined to sell these goods hence the reason for this sacrifice Remember every suit in the south window of our store for \$7.50. Every pair of pants in our north window for only

-\$3 PAIR-

worth from \$4 to \$6 originally, price reduced on account of coat and vest having been sold.

Will H. Matthews & Co

RHEUMATISM—CATARRH—DIS EASES CURED BY B. B. B.

It is the deep-seated, obstinate cases of catarrh and rheumatism that B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) cures. It matters not what other treatments, doctors, sprays, liniments, medicated air blood purifiers, have failed to do, B. B. B. always promptly reaches the real cause and roots out and drives from the bones, joints, mucous membrane, and entire system the specific poison in the blood that causes rheumatism and catarrh. B. B. B. is the only remedy strong enough to do this and cure and so there can never be a return to the symptoms. Don't give up hope, but try B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) or 3 Bs.

For sale by druggists and Howard Gardner, in Greensboro, at \$1 per large bottle, or 6 large bottles (full treatment) \$5. To prove our faith in B. B. B. we will send a trial bottle free to sufferers, so they may test the remedy at our expense. Address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

A THOUSAND TONGUES.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa. when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and \$1. Trial bottles free at C. E. Holton's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

When threatened by pneumonia or any other lung trouble, prompt relief is necessary, as it is dangerous to delay. We would suggest that One Minute Cough Cure be taken as soon as indications of having taken cold are noticed. It cures quickly and its early use prevents consumption. Howard Gardner.

THAT THROBBING HEADACHE.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold at C. E. Holton's drug store.

This season there is a large death rate among children from croup and lung troubles. Prompt action will save the little ones from these terrible diseases. We know of nothing so certain to give instant relief as One Minute Cough Cure. It can also be relied upon in grippe and all throat and lung troubles of adults. Pleasant to take. Howard Gardner.

EDITOR'S AWFUL PLIGHT.

F. M. Higgins, editor Seneca, (Ills.) News, was afflicted for years with piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by C. E. Holton, druggist.

INAUGURATION OF GOV. AYCOCK

On account of the above occasion the Southern Railway will sell tickets to Raleigh and return at rate of one first class fare for round trip for civilians, and one cent per mile distance travelled for military companies bearing arms, and for brass bands in uniform in parties of 20 or more, on one ticket. Tickets to be sold on Jan. 14 and for morning trains of 16th with final limit Jan. 17th. Call on your depot agent for further information.

R. L. VERNON, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

Assignee's Sale.

The goods formerly belonging to W. B. Farrar's Son, at 102 South Elm St., will be for sale by me on Monday, January 14th, 1901, and each day thereafter, until the entire stock is disposed of. Stock consists of watches, clocks, jewelry, diamonds, and other goods usually found in a first class jewelry store; also two complete sets of watch-maker's tools, tables and cases, all at and below cost.

The goods must go: now is the golden opportunity to secure bargains. GEO. H. ROYSTER, Assignee of W. B. Farrar.

OFTEN A FATAL PRIDE DETERS

MEN ARE NOT CHRISTIANS BECAUSE THEY CANNOT BE THE BEST.

The World Unconsciously Pays to Christianity the Greatest Compliment by Criticizing the Fall of a Christian or a Minister of the Gospel—Dr. Tyree's Sermon.

The following sermon was preached by Dr. W. C. Tyree in the Greensboro Baptist church Sunday night. It was crowded out of yesterday's issue:

Hebrews, 7th chapter and 25th verse: "Wherefore he is able to save them to the uttermost that come unto God by Him, seeing he ever liveth to make intercession for them."

The reason why so many men are not Christians is that they are not willing to forsake all for Christ. With all of us there is something that we worship as an ideal. In a wreck in the western part of Virginia at one time, an employee of the road was caught by the foot and held fastened down. All his efforts to extricate himself availed nothing. The wreck, which was occasioned by the falling of a bridge, damped up the water and inch by inch the water rose until it reached him, and he was drowned in the flood. Many a young man is held by some sin. He will not hear the warning of God's wrath, he will not accept Christ, but is held by one favorite sin. While this is the cause, there is a reason behind this. Many a young man thinks that he cannot be saved, that his own weakness and his own sins are so great that he cannot be saved. They fear that they cannot be genuine and consistent Christians. Many a man would become a Christian if he thought that he could become a genuine Christian. Unbelief, according to the Bible, is a great sin. I have a great charity for the man who thinks that he will not hold out. Men think this because the world has placed such a high standard for the Christian. The world is not aware of the great compliment it pays Christianity when it talks about the preacher who goes astray. I know a young man who comes to church and who would possibly become a Christian, but for the fact that he has so often commented upon the shortcoming of others that he will not undertake to become a Christian. Many men will say, "I do not want to become a Christian, if I cannot be a genuine Christian. It means this; I do not want to become a Christian, unless I can be a better Christian than others. Don't you see behind this a fatal degree of pride? There is a difference between the poorest specimen of a Christian and the best man out of Christ. The Christian is the child of God, redeemed by the blood of Jesus Christ. So it is better to be the poorest specimen of a Christian than to be no Christian at all.

You ought to have this spirit: I will be any kind of Christian I can if God will only forgive my sins. Another reason so many people are not Christians is because they have made so many resolutions and broken them. They have so often said, "I am going to be a better man." Somehow they are broken, these resolutions are, and he has lost confidence in himself. It would be a very good excuse, if the Bible required a man to rely upon himself. You have lost all confidence in yourself. This ought not to stand in your way of coming to Christ. Your broken resolutions ought to point you to a higher source, through only which you can obtain strength to overcome and be the victor.

Another reason why some people do not come to Christ is because people have professed religion and have gone back to the world again. I know that to many this is a real excuse. It is not surprising. The conditions of salvation are very plain. Just as plain as God could make them. If the conditions of salvation were based upon tangible, stipulated price, people would know when they had performed the conditions. Then a man could be sure of it. But there are some false professions made, I am sure. This however, should not deter anyone from performing the condition, "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." That saving power is Christ. You will observe that all of these passages in the Bible are passive. "Will be saved." Not save yourself, but be saved.

It may be but the touch of his garment that saves us, but we must touch his garment. We must believe. There must be a real repentance and real faith. There is no reason why you should make a mistake. While it appears that a great many go back to the world, there is hope for them, that they may like Peter, come back into the fold again. He is able to save them to the uttermost who come unto

him. You must turn over a new leaf. You must come to God. He is a real person. It strengthens and purifies us to come into the presence of God through prayer. The soul must come face to face with God. Jesus Christ says, "I am the door, no man cometh to the Father, except by me." God is a consuming fire. It is fearful to come into the presence of the living God. We can come only through His Son Jesus Christ. If you come to God, Jesus Christ will plead for you. He is able to save you.

He is able to save us to the last, because he ever lives. He is living today. He hears us when we pray. "He ever lives to make intercession for us." He intercedes for us.

News while it's news in The Telegram.



8179—Ladies' Fancy Waist
8178—Ladies' Six Gored Skirt.

Waist, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust.
Skirt, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34 inch waist.

LADIES' OUTDOOR COSTUME, CONSISTING OF LADIES' FANCY WAIST, NO. 8179, AND LADIES' SIX-GORED BOX-PLAIED SKIRT, NUMBER 9178.

Metal gray pebble chevrot, cream lace and rich red panne are combined in this fashionable walking gown. The material is included in all the gracefully curved seams and darts, which are feathered. The lower edge of the bodice is shaped to meet the waist line in the back, short on the hips, but rounded in a scallop at each side of the front.

The one dart fronts are cut away at the neck to display the adjustable lace collar and plastron. They fasten in double-breasted style, with silk loops over long velvet buttons and are decorated with cross bands of lace insertion.

The neck is completed with a fancy sailor collar, which outlines the plastron and extends out over the shoulders of the close-fitting two-piece sleeves. These are finished with scalloped velvet cuffs surmounted by lace bands.

The skirt is shaped with six gores, fitting smoothly around the waist and over the hips. Graduated box plaits are arranged at the front edges of the side gores. These are stitched down about two-thirds the depth of the skirt and flare stylishly at the lower edge, which is trimmed with lace insertion.

The quadruple box plait back is flatly pressed, giving long, graceful lines from the belt to the floor. The skirt is finished with New Century brush binding, which looks silky and does not rub the shoes.

Venetian, Alsatian, broad or ladies' cloth, chevrot, camel's hair and covert are appropriate fabrics for this costume. The lace trimming may be omitted, the sailor collar of cloth and machine stitched for strictly sailor style. A smart linen collar and chemise would be in keeping with this mode.

To make the waist in the medium size will require two yards of forty-four inch material, three-fourths yard of velvet and seven and one-half yards of trimming. The pattern, No. 8179, is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40-inch bust measure. To make the skirt in the medium size will require five yards of forty-four inch material. The pattern, No. 8178, is cut in sizes for a 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inch waist measure.

Today's news for today's readers in The Telegram.

The most soothing, healing and antiseptic application devised is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It relieves at once and cures piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations. Howard Gardner.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident, of which Mrs. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides; no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters; and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at C. E. Holton's drug store.

Such little pills as DeWitt's Little Early Risers are very easily taken, and they are wonderfully effective in cleansing the liver and bowels. Howard Gardner.

Pepsin preparations often fail to relieve indigestion because they can digest only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food, and that is Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It cures the worst cases of indigestion and gives instant relief for it digests what you eat. Howard Gardner.

Living news in The Telegram.

Land Sale.

By Virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a mortgage executed on the 15th day of November, 1894, by John A. Pritchett and wife, Olivia B. Pritchett, to H. H. Cartland, guardian and duly recorded in Book 98 on page 99 etc., in the office of the Register of Deeds of Guilford County, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door, on Monday, the 11th day of February, 1901, a certain lot or parcel of land situated in Glimmer Township, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Dr. Beall, C. A. Reynolds, W. D. Mendenhall and others, and bounded as follows: Beginning westside of Fayetteville road running with Dr. Beall line south 97° west seven and one-half (7 1/2) poles to a stake; thence south with Mendenhall line one hundred feet (100 ft.); thence east 15 degrees north with C. A. Reynolds and W. D. Mendenhall line 311 feet more or less, thence north 35 degrees, one hundred (100) feet to the beginning.

SOUTHERN LOAN AND TRUST CO., Guardian Houston Children Mortgagee.

Successors to H. H. Cartland, d'd'n (d'd'd). This the 31st day of January, 1901.

NORTH CAROLINA, Guilford County. Mary H. Burks, Notice by Publication Chas. L. Burks.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court by an affidavit that a summons has been issued in favor of the above named defendant to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the said plaintiff and the said defendant, and it further appearing that the said defendant cannot, after due diligence, be found in the State of North Carolina.

It is now ordered that the defendant, Charles L. Burks, take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of the county of Guilford to obtain a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the said plaintiff and the said defendant and will further take notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court held for Guilford county at the court house in Greensboro, on the 18th day of February, 1901, and there to answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded.

This the 29th day of November, 1900.

J. H. NELSON, Clerk Superior Court.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a mortgage executed on the 15th day of December 1894, by Charles S. Lindsey and wife, Sallie Lindsey to H. H. Cartland, guardian for W. M. Houston's children and duly recorded in Book 81 on page 77 in the office of Register of Deeds of Guilford County, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door, on SATURDAY, the 2ND DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1901, a certain lot or parcel of land situated in Morehead township, city of Greensboro, Guilford county North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Greensboro Land and Improvement Company and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake or stone on north side of Morehead Avenue, the city of Greensboro, seventy-one (71) feet east of east side of Fulton street, running thence east along Morehead Avenue seventy (70) feet to a stake or stone, thence north on a line parallel to Fulton street one hundred and fifty (150) feet to a stake or stone, thence west parallel with Morehead Avenue seventy feet (70) feet to a stake or stone, thence south on a line parallel feet to the beginning, being all of lot No. 37 in Morehead subdivision as shown by a plot of the same as recorded in Book No. 53, page 55, etc., in the Office of Register of Deeds of Guilford County.

SOUTHERN LOAN AND TRUST CO., Guardian Houston Children Mortgagee.

Successors to H. H. Cartland, d'd'n (d'd'd). This the 31st day December, 1900. D 31 4w

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified before John J. Nelson, C. S. C., as administrator of the estate of Peter Gerringer, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Gerringer estate to present them for payment to the undersigned or his attorney on or before the 28th day of November, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons owing said estate will make immediate payment.

Greensboro, N. C., Nov. 28, 1900.

C. P. FRAZIER,

Adm'r. of Peter Gerringer, dec'd.

JOHN A. BARRINGER, Attorney.

To the Deaf:

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head, by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave \$10,000 to his institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drum may have them free. Address No. 1213-c, The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York, U. S. A. s12-1y.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned has this day qualified before John J. Nelson, C. S. C., as administrator of the estate of Noah E. Wyrick dec'd and all persons are hereby notified to present claims against said estate to me or my attorney on or before the 24th day of November, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Nov. 21, 1900.

ROBERT L. WYRICK,

Adm. of N. E. Wyrick.

JOHN A. BARRINGER, Atty.

11-25 6w

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM GREENSBORO, N. C.

MAIN LINE—NORTHBOUND.

No. 34, Fast Mail.....	11:44 a. m.
" 36, Fast Mail.....	12:22 p. m.
" 38, Vestibule.....	10:47 a. m.
" 12, Passenger.....	9:55 p. m.
" 8, Local.....	7:58 a. m.

SOUTHBOUND.

No. 33, Fast Mail.....	5:48 a. m.
" 35, Fast Mail.....	7:10 p. m.
" 37, Vestibule.....	7:05 a. m.
" 11, Passenger.....	7:31 p. m.
" 7, Local.....	6:40 a. m.

FO RALEIGH.

No. 16, Passenger.....	12:25 p. m.
" 8, Passenger.....	7:58 a. m.
" 12, for Raleigh.....	12:01 a. m.

FOR WINSTON-SALEM.

N. Daily ex. Sunday.....	12:35 p. m.
" 106, Daily.....	8:25 a. m.
" 109, Daily.....	7:30 p. m.

A. & Y. DIVISION.

For Wilmington.....	12:25 p. m.
" Mt. Airy.....	4:12 p. m.
" Fausseur.....	4:12 p. m.
" Madison.....	9:35 a. m.

LOCATION OF FIRE ALARMS

- 12 Intersection of North Greene and Clay Streets, near Farmers' Warehouse.
- 13 Corner West Market and Eugene Streets.
- 14 Corner West Market and Cedar Streets.
- 15 North West Corner Court House Square.
- 23 Corner Lindsay and Church Streets, near the Graded School.
- 24 Corner East Market and North Fort Streets, near electric light station.
- 25 Corner East Market and Linton Streets, beyond railroad.
- 32 Corner South Elm and East Washington Streets, near McAdoo House.
- 34 East Washington Street, just east of railroad, near Mrs. Owen's.
- 35 Intersection of Asheboro, Fayetteville and Correll Streets, Keogh's corner.
- 42 South Elm and Buchanan Streets, Clegg's corner.
- 43 West Washington and Spring Street, near A. T. Robinson's.
- 45 Walker Avenue and Mendenhall Street, Jeffries' corner.
- 52 Corner West Lee and Ashe Streets, near St. Andrew's church.
- 53 Corner Arlington and East Lee Streets, near St. Andrew's church.
- 62 Corner Pearson and East Lee Streets.
- 63 Corner Asheboro and East Bragg Streets, near Graded School.

Southern Railway

IN EFFECT OCT. 1, 1900.

This condensed schedule is published as information and is subject to change without notice to the public.

Trains leave Greensboro, N. C.

5:41 a. m.—No. 33 daily, Florida Express south for Charlotte, Columbia, Savannah, Augusta, Jacksonville and Tampa. Pullman drawing room buffet sleeping cars and day coach.

7:05 a. m.—No. 37 daily, Washington & Southwestern Limited for Charlotte, Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points south. Through Pullman Sleeper New York to New Orleans.

New York to Memphis: New York to Nashville: Pullman observation car New York to Macon; vestibule coach Washington to Atlanta. Tourist sleeper Washington to St. Francisco Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday without change. Dining Cars serve all meals.

7:37 a. m.—No. 11 daily, for Charlotte, Atlanta and points South. Connects at Salisbury for Asheville, Knoxville and Chattanooga.

7:55 a. m.—No. 8 daily, for Danville, Richmond, Norfolk and local stations.

7:55 a. m.—No. 8 daily, for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points. Connects at Selma with train for Wilson, Rocky Mount and local points; at Greensboro for Norfolk, Newbern and Morehead City.

8:21 a. m.—No. 105 for Winston, Wilkesboro and local points. Daily to Winston-Salem, except Sunday to Wilkesboro.

9:35 a. m.—No. 46, daily except Sunday for Madison and local points.

12:23 p. m.—No. 36, daily, United States Fast Mail, for Washington, Richmond and all points North. Carries through Pullman Drawing Room Buffet Sleeper New Orleans to New York; Jacksonville to New York. Dining cars serve all meals.

No. 16 leaves Greensboro 12:25 p. m. daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points.

12:25 p. m.—No. 52 for Sanford. Connects with A. C. L. for Fayetteville and local points south.

12:55 p. m.—No. 107, daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem.

2:40 p. m.—No. 47, daily except Sunday for Ramseur and local points.

4:12 p. m.—No. 53 for Mt. Airy and local stations.

6:40 p. m.—No. 7, daily, for Charlotte and local points; connects at Salisbury for Knoxville, Chattanooga. Pullman Sleeper operated from Salisbury to Memphis.

7:10 p. m.—No. 35 daily, United States Fast Mail for Charlotte, Atlanta, and all points South and Southwest. Connects at Charlotte for Columbia, Augusta, Savannah, Jacksonville and local stations. Pullman Drawing Room Buffet Sleeper New York to New Orleans; New York to Jacksonville; Richmond to Birmingham; Charlotte to Augusta.

7:15 p. m.—No. 109, daily for Winston-Salem.

9:55 p. m.—No. 12, daily for Reidsville, Danville, Richmond, and local points north.

10:47 p. m.—No. 38, daily, Washington & Southwestern Limited for Washington and all points North. Pullman Sleepers to Washington, Baltimore and New York.

11:44 p. m.—No. 34 daily, Florida Express North, carries through Pullman car Jacksonville to New York Charlotte to Richmond Charlotte to Norfolk.

12:01 a. m.—No. 12, daily, for Raleigh and local points. Sleeper operated from Greensboro to Raleigh.

First sections of all scheduled freight trains carry passengers between points at which they are scheduled to stop.

JOHN M. CULP, Traffic Manager. 36 V. P. & Gen. Mgr.

W. A. Turk, Gen. Pass. Agt., Washington, D. C.

R. Vernon, Trav. Pass. Agt., Charlotte, N. C.

B. Graham, Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

John Orzali,

Practical Boot and Shoe

Maker,

102 N. Elm Street, Opp. Court House.

An Old-Time

By Fred Myr

ON ONE of the last two boys, Charles Wheeler, who lived in the block-house, at Greensboro, on the Connecticut, horses that had a woods.

The missing animal horse and a black mare had her yoke. They both belonged to her, and the settled boy that if he would bring them safe give him the colt for the lads.

The lads started out at the morning down the river way down the river father's gun; but the younger, had not been one. Guns and ammunition were scarce at the fort boy 11 years old.

It was really dangerous a great deal of block-house, for were numerous in the occasionally a bear would themselves thought but it was not with their mothers had.

Charley was the a jack-knife, and making a bow and arrow along. The bow he had ash limb, and the arrow was headed with sharp feathers.

It happened to have a bowstring was completed, it was English long-bow, Robin Hood; but quite a dangerous weapon. He amused himself with rels and birds, and when he hit one.

The only traces were hunting after seen were their ever and anon called "opens," or imbed the streams.

They listened at friendly clinking of not hear them. Yet that they were on.

They had procured miles when William the familiar ling-a-lit was a great way from growing more.

"It's in the next liam. That is S be far off. Good have my colt and forest. The last mile behind them as far in front of ended forward eag sound of the bell at intervals through.

They came to a like area of near low and level on Connecticut. All ceased tinkling.

"That is singular have gone down to remarked William rection.

"Oh, no, there that clump of bir "Can't you see th "That's strange William. "The bell, I could sver side of the 'ope' The bell comm It most assuredly side, near the st "Sukey and h

Notice.

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N. E. Wyrick,
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ALERM.
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.....7.20 p. m.

ON.
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.....4.12 p. m.
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ALARMS

Greene and Gay
Warehouse,
Eugene Streets

Cedar Streets,
House Square.

ch Streets, near
North Forbis
station.

Clinton Streets,
East Washington
house.

Just east of rail-
road, Fayetteville
high's corner.

Streets, Clegg's
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An Old-Time Adventure

By Fred Myron Colby.

ON ONE of the last days of May, 1756, two boys, Charles Flanders and William Wheeler, were sent out from the block-house, at Charlestown, N. H., on the Connecticut, to look for two horses that had strayed into the woods.

The missing animals were a gray horse and a black mare, respectively. The mare had her young colt with her. They both belonged to William's father, and the settler had promised the boy that if he would find the horses, and bring them safely home, he would give him the colt for his labor.

The lads started off about six o'clock in the morning, taking their way down the river. William had his father's gun; but Charley, who was younger, had not been allowed to take one. Guns and ammunition were too scarce at the fort to be entrusted to a boy 11 years old.

It was really dangerous to go out unarmed a great distance from the block-house, for wildcats and wolves were numerous in that region, and occasionally a bear was seen. The boys themselves thought little of the peril, but it was not without misgivings that their mothers had seen them depart.

Charley was the happy possessor of a jack-knife, and he busied himself in making a bow and arrows as he trudged along. The bow he fashioned from an ash limb, and the arrows were of oak, headed with sharp tacks that the boy happened to have in his pocket. The bowstring was of stout twine. When completed, it was hardly equal to an English long-bow, nor was Charley a Robin Hood; but it was nevertheless quite a dangerous weapon in his hands. He amused himself shooting at squirrels and birds, and was in high spirits when he hit one.

The only traces of the animals they were hunting after that they had yet seen were their tracks, which they ever and anon came across in the "opens," or imbedded in the banks of the streams.

They listened and listened for the friendly clinking of the bells, but could not hear them. Yet they felt assured that they were on the right course.

They had proceeded about three miles when William's quick ear caught the familiar ring-aling of a bell. But it was a great ways off, and seemed to be growing more indistinct.

"It's in the next 'open,'" said William. "That is Sukey's. They can't be far off. Good luck! Now I'll have my colt and no trouble."

The boys were then in the thick forest. The last "open" was half a mile behind them; the next might be as far in front of them. They hastened forward eagerly, following the sound of the bell that came tinkling at intervals through the woods.

They came to the "open," a square-like area of nearly four acres, lying low and level on the banks of the Connecticut. All at once the bells ceased tinkling.

"That is singular. Perhaps they have gone down to the river to drink," remarked William, looking in that direction.

"Oh, no, there's the horses over by that clump of birches!" cried Charley. "Can't you see the old gray's side?"

"That's strange, anyhow," declared William. "The last time I heard the bell, I could swear it was on the other side of the 'open.'"

The bell commenced tinkling again. It most assuredly was on the opposite side, near the stream.

"Sukey and her colt must be over

there," said Charley, "but it's strange, as you say, that they shouldn't be together."

"Well, you go that way and I will go this. If we can catch them, we can ride home. I do hope the colt is not lost or hurt."

William started in the direction toward the river, and of course Charley walked off in a course just opposite.

When the latter was about half-way across the clearing, he turned around to look at William. To his surprise, his companion was not to be seen.

While he was gazing in that direction, he saw two Indians rise up from behind a clump of alders and look toward the river. At that instant William reappeared around a bend of the stream, where he had been hidden from the sight of his friend.

As soon as William saw the savages, he turned to run. One of the Indians at this fired after the fleeing boy and shot him through the wrist.

The shot whirled him violently round. The savages then seized him, and binding him with a deerskin thong, carried him to their canoe, which was in the river not far distant.

Meanwhile, Charley, seeing the plight of his companion, was moving slowly away from the dangerous neighborhood. He hoped the Indians had not seen him. Alone and without any suitable weapon, he knew that he could do nothing toward rescuing poor William. His plan was to return to the settlement as quickly as possible, inform his father of the circumstance, and have a party start at once to the rescue.

In order to reach the shortest notice, he had made up his mind to catch the gray horse. He could see the animal still standing half within the grove of poplars, and had no suspicion that anything was wrong.

Directing his steps toward the poplars, Charley crept up near and nearer, looking warily around for fear of Indians.

He walked up to within five feet of the clump of poplars, and was on the point of placing his hand on the gray horse's neck when an Indian warrior leaped out.

It is no disparagement to Charley to say that when he found himself suddenly face to face with the red man his mouth opened as wide as did his eyes, that the color fled from his cheeks, that his heart fluttered like a bird in a cage, and that for a moment he could not stir.

"Ugh!" grunted the savage, "white boy walk the woods with red brother," meaning he would go with him to Canada.

But Charley was not quite ready to do that. Stepping back quickly, he fitted one of his tack-headed arrows to the string of his bow and discharged it full at the Indian.

The warrior sprang aside; but he was not quick enough, for the shaft had been well aimed. It passed through his neck, between the skin and the flesh.

Uttering a cry of anger, he leaped on the boy and caught him by the throat. He hastily felt for his tomahawk, and in the heat of his rage would undoubtedly have ended the poor boy's career then and there; but, missing the handle at the first grasp, he suddenly changed his mind, and, lifting the boy to the back of the gray horse, tied him securely and led the animal toward the party that was with the canoe.

The two boys exchanged a sorrowful smile as their captors brought them together. William had been placed in the canoe, where there were two hogs, which the savages had plundered from a settlement lower

down the river.

These hogs belonged to a man named Sargent, who lived in Walpole, and he and several of his neighbors had gone out that very morning in search of the marauders. They had tracked the thieves to the river, and suspecting they might be Indians, had embarked in a boat and rowed up stream, hoping to come upon them unaware and recover their stolen property.

A little cove shot into the river at the point where the two boys had been captured, and the stream thus made a bend around this point of land. The Indians, their canoe and their horses were on one side of the bend, and the armed white men in their boat were approaching the other. Just before they turned the bend, one of the white men heard the snort of a horse. Surprised at this, they rested on their oars a moment, and then rowed on more cautiously.

Passing around a low, wooded bank, they saw a sight that made them halt again. A canoe with three Indians in it was pushing away from the shore. They could see that it was heavily laden, for it sunk deep into the water. Only one Indian was paddling, and the canoe very slowly advanced into the middle of the stream.

A fourth Indian had just entered the river with two horses, on the back of one of which was a white boy, with his arms pinioned behind him. In the canoe, by the two dead hogs, was a prostrate figure, which they had no doubt was another captive.

Sargent instantly ordered his party to fire. They did so, and two of the Indians in the canoe fell dead or fatally wounded. The Indian who was paddling threw down his paddle, and plunged into the river. A shot was fired at him, which either killed or disabled him, for he sank, and was seen no more.

The Indian on horseback did not lift his gun, but very quietly urged his horses across the river. Two of the settlers fired at him, but the only result was the splashing of his naked skin by the disturbed water.

"Those horses are stolen, and the red impus mustn't get away with them," said Sargent; "but don't fire again. We may injure the boy."

The settlers bent to their oars, and in a few moments swept up alongside of the struggling horses.

The savage did not wait for them to come up, but leaped into the water, and deliberately swam to the abandoned canoe, which was floating ten or a dozen rods from the New Hampshire side. This he clambered into, seized the paddle, and began to steer it toward the Vermont shore.

After they had seized the horses, the white men turned their attention to this bold warrior, who seemed determined to escape with the canoe. Two of them, who had reloaded, shot at him, but, though both expert marksmen, they failed to harm him. The close proximity of their bullets, however, forced him to relinquish the canoe.

Holding his rifle above his head, the undaunted savage swam to the Vermont shore, and, landing unharmed, disappeared in the forest.

The white men now rowed up to the canoe, which was drifting aimlessly round and round.

"Don't shoot! I'm a white boy!" cried a voice, as they approached.

It was poor William, who, with his limbs bound with deerskin, was just able to sit up in the canoe.

"Well, you've saved the horses anyhow; but the colt's gone, sure," he exclaimed, as he glanced around, and saw that the horses were secure.

One of Sargent's men jumped aboard the canoe, and paddled it

ashore, where William and Charley were both released from their bonds.

Then the boys mounted their horses, bid their rescuers adieu, and returned to the block-house, which they reached just before sundown.

William's wound was not a serious one, and he soon recovered from it; but he was accustomed to relate, as he told the story in after years, that he never felt so queer in his life as he did while lying curled down by the dead hogs, when the settlers were firing and the Indians were tumbling out of the canoe.—Golden Days.

RUSSIA WANTS PEACE.

Her Principal National Scheme Is the Development of Her Resources.

The present czar has been something of a puzzle to the world. Much was expected of him by the friends of Russian progress because of his known inclination toward liberalism. His course has been somewhat, but not wholly, disappointing. A considerable influence has been retained by Pobedonostzeff. The Russian national party has grown in strength until revolution and socialism, if they exist, are lost in greater movements and are heard of no more. The good understanding with France continues, being based on the solid ground of financial self-interest.

The general peace policy inaugurated by Alexander III. has been emphasized by an attempt to reach a basis of universal peace through the peace congress at The Hague, says a writer in the Chautauquan. The initiation of this movement by Russia has been the subject of heated controversy as to the Russian motive. It may have been due in part to the enlightened views of the czar, but its promotion by Russia was unquestionably dictated in self-interest. It is to be noted that Russia is now at the highest point of prosperity that she has yet attained, and is putting forth strenuous efforts to extend and consolidate her vast empire.

Peace is the need of the Russian nationalist—a peace that will enable them to negotiate with China for Manchuria, and to utilize their wealth in the building of railroads and in promoting unity in other ways. They do not wish to be disturbed in the Russification of Finland and the other provinces, which is an important part of the national scheme.

FINEST NEW YORK PULPIT.

Beautiful Work Lately Completed for All Angels' Episcopal Church.

All Angels' Episcopal church, West End avenue and Eighty-first street, has just acquired what is described as the finest pulpit in America. It is the work of Karl Bitter, and was given to the church by Mrs. Sarah Cornell in memory of her husband and two sons. The style of the pulpit is Italian renaissance, changed slightly to conform with the interior of the church, says the New York Herald.

Standing against a column, the pillar has for its foundation a representation of Moses with the tablets of law, and corbels presenting the head of the prophets, intended to symbolize that the Gospel preached from the pulpit is based upon the law and the prophets.

A choir rail, which leads up to the pulpit rail and surrounds the pulpit itself, is decorated with a procession of angels. Above the pulpit is a canopy of oak, surmounted by an angelic figure holding a trumpet, and forming an apotheosis of what is begun below in the procession.

There has also just been used for the first time in the same church an altar and reredos, erected by members of the Hoffman family in memory of the most liberal patron of All Angels' church, the late Rev. Dr. Charles F. Hoffman. The altar is surmounted by a canopy of brass, perhaps the only one of the kind in this country, although such are common in northern Italy. The new rectory of the parish, costing \$30,000, is almost completed.

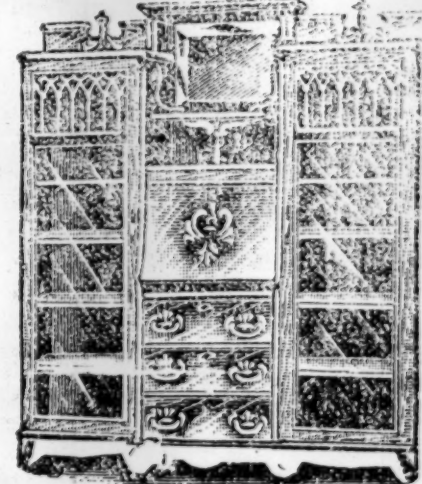
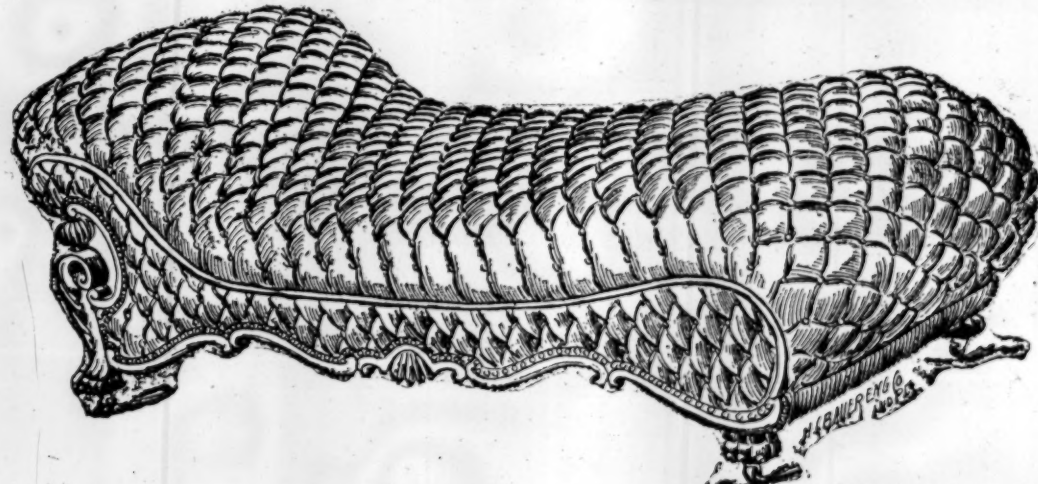
SOLDIERS ON THE MARCH.

Their Long Marches Under Burdens Are Exceedingly Tiresome and Dispiriting.

The foot soldier is in anachronism, as archaic as the man at arms with his halberd or the archer with his cloth-yard shaft. The modern foot soldier is not only a fighting machine, he is also a beast of burden, and no man can be both with success. The American infantryman equipped for war is weighted down with rifle, bayonet, ammunition, clothing, shelter tent, water bottle and haversack, in all some 60 pounds in weight. It is a common belief that a soldier is so strong and hardy that he does not feel the burden; that he can march 10 or 15 miles with 60 pounds about his body and not mind it; that, like the well-trained athlete, who thrives under violent exercise, he enjoys having to transport all this paraphernalia. Now, as a matter of fact, that is the one thing of all others which the soldier despises. He doesn't mind the fighting; he can put up with heat or cold, and although he may growl when his rations are short, he accepts that as a part of the day's work; but to turn himself into a porter, to be a coolie and the bearer of burdens, is the thing he abominates, says Forum.

There is nothing more depressing to the spirits, nothing more devitalizing, nothing which makes a greater drain on a man than a march. There is nothing picturesque, nothing exhilarating, nothing to break the horrible monotony of this seemingly interminable plodding through baking dust or clogged mud or chilling snow. All the color of war has gone. There are no bands to make men forget their fatigue, no waving plumes and fluttering flags to excite the imagination, no spectators to stimulate pride—there is no scenery even. War is now a monochrome; everyone dresses the same, khaki loses its semblance of color and takes on the color of the dirt or mud of the country through which the army marches, and no man sees more than the man in front of him or the man on each side of him. Hour after hour this goes on; rifles become heavier, ammunition belts chafe more gallingly, haversacks and water bottles strike in a tender spot, shoes get filled with grit which makes each step an agony. If after a long march men are thrown into action they have lost their vim and their power of resistance, and it is only by sheer nerve that they are able to stand up to the rack. Nine times out of ten infantry are sent into action with their nerves unstrung, simply because they have been broken down by the strain which has been put upon them. To get the best results out of men they should go into action in a perfect physical condition, but they are generally weakened by the drain made upon them.

The remedy for this, a remedy which will not only increase the actual physical strength of an army but will also give it that mobility which is all-essential, is to give each man his own means of transport—that is, to mount him. The armies of the future will be armies of mounted infantry.



People Looking For Bargains

Will make a great mistake if they fail to see the largest and finest line of Artistic Furniture ever shown on this market. Now is the time to save money while the reduction sale is on. I am offering unparalleled bargains through the entire stock. Don't miss this rare opportunity.

C. O. FORBIS

Orzali,

pt and Shoe
ter, Court House.

GOOD COFFEE

Can always be had on your table if you use either of the following wellknown brands: "French Market" M. & J. "Chase & Sanborn's" M. & J. "400" Mocha and Java.

Then we believe we have a pure Laguayra at 25c. a pound. Also the "Columbian Blend" at 25c, if you don't care to pay the price for the French Market and other brands first quoted.

Yours for Good Coffee

J. W. Scott & Co

W. L. Wharton & Co.

CANNED GOODS

If we can't interest you in canned goods, it is because you cannot be interested.

Desert peaches at 35 cents and down to 15 cents, two for 25 cents. Pie peaches 10 cents, three for 25 cents.

Salmon at 20 and 25 cents that is second to none.

Try us on canned goods, and be convinced that we have the nicest line in town.

W. L. Wharton & Co.



Is a Shirt worth more money but for 75 cents you can wear one and be as comfortable and as well dressed as if you had paid a dollar for it, and for 25 cents you can put any tie in our north window on with it.

Merritt, Brower & Company

We do What We Promise and Promise Only What We Do

We have a few more fire-place goods to sell at absolute cost. And we are going to sell them to somebody: first come, first served. They are going fast, better come before it is too late. You need them.

Phone 161.

Yours for Bargains.

M'CLAMROCH BROTHERS.

217 South Elm Street

ONE HUNDRED

Scarfs

AND

Table Covers

Embracing all kinds of cut work. Bobinet and handmade Battenburg to be closed out at less than usual factory price.

S. L. Gilmer & Co

OUR SPECIALTIES

Office Tables, Kitchen Cabinets, General Cabinet Work, Mantels.

From the cheapest to the best. It will pay you to see our latest designs in Mantels.

GREENSBORO TABLE CO.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair tonight and Wednesday, south winds, light to fresh on the coast.

Highest temperature, in Greensboro, for past 24 hours, ending eight o'clock this morning, 50; lowest 30.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mr. J. W. Scott, who has been very sick for several days, is somewhat better today.

All subscribers to the Roney Boys' concert are requested to call and get their tickets at J. B. Fariss' drug store.

There will be several initiations at Beuna Vista Lodge of Odd Fellows tonight. The goat is said to be in readiness to perform his part of the ceremonies.

Mr. George D. Dailey, of Oklahoma City, representing the St. Joseph Medicine Company, spent yesterday in the city. He is so favorably impressed with Greensboro that he will make this city his headquarters.

Messrs. R. J. Marks and Gaston Ward went to Moore county this afternoon, and to judge by the amount of ammunition they carried they will kill all the birds in the county before they return. They also carried several fine dogs with them.

The United States Union Association and the Cooper's University.

The object of this Society and the business carried on by it are purely charitable and benevolent, and not for the purpose of pecuniary profit or gain. The main object is to build up the negro race morally, spiritually, intellectually and financially, and in combination a department to render assistance, aid and temporal comfort to such old poor, and neglected colored persons in Guilford county, in Greensboro and elsewhere, without means of support and without relations to look after them, and as shall be found to be objects of charity worthy to receive it; furnish them with a home and subsistence during the remainder of their lives, and give them a decent burial at death; to furnish a home for poor orphan and for other children or persons of color as may be found to be suffering and in need and whose parents, either will not or cannot take care of them; to educate them and place them under such good influences as will tend to rear them useful citizens and respectable members of society. The scope of the work contemplated by this Society is generally to elevate and enlighten the objects of charity, ameliorate the sufferings of the poor and destitute, and become under the providence of God an organization aiding its good government in preventing pauperism and crime, and by its Christianizing influence uplifting the colored race. The principal home is located in Savannah, Georgia. Prof. A. J. Cooper is president.

Arrested the Wrong Man.

A telegram was received at Marshal Millikan's office from Fort Worth, Texas, stating that they had arrested William R. Burnett, wanted here for illicit distilling. Burnett was sentenced at the May term of Federal Court in Asheville in 1899, to serve two years in the penitentiary, but the next night he escaped, and a reward of three hundred dollars was put on him by Marshal Millikan. Recently he was re-captured in Haywood county, and at present is in the penitentiary. The Marshal wired back that they had the wrong party and the man was released.

HE SAW THEM.

A Greensboro gentle who is interested in the appearance of the Roney's Boys here Friday night, asked a citizen:

"Did you see the Roney's Boys when they were here last season?"

"Yes, and I remember each member of the company distinctly. Upon careful consideration I cannot recall a single attraction, since I became a resident of this city, that I so thoroughly enjoyed as I did the Roney's Boys. They are first-class, and if I am so fortunate as to be in the city Friday night I shall certainly hear them again."

And the above is but an expression of the opinion of all who have ever heard the Roney's Boys.

The Guilford Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy will hold its regular meeting January 19th, in the club rooms of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' building. Each member is urged to come prepared to pay her dues for 1901.

MRS. G. W. WHITSETT, Treasurer.

Leaksville Blankets

A New Lot At

SPECIAL LOW PRICES

10, 11 and 12 Quarter

J. M. HENDRIX & CO.

Big Underwear Sale



Regardless of our big trade before Xmas, we still have a fine assortment of

WINTER UNDERWEAR

in prices to suit the purchasers from 50c to \$8.00 per suit. No old stock, but suits that match. The most pleasant feature is the price, which is lower than you will expect.

Vanstory Clothing Co.

THE ONE - PRICE CASH CLOTHIERS.

236-238 South Elm Street.

City National Bank, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Capital	-	-	-	100,000.00
Surplus	-	-	-	15,000.00
Assets, over	-	-	-	500,000.00

Depository of the UNITED STATES, STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CITY OF GREENSBORO, COUNTY OF GUILFORD.

We have every facility for the prompt and intelligent conduct of all business entrusted to us. Your account is solicited.

J. M. WALKER, Pres.

LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

The Penn Mutual

Gives the best results to the insured. With its millions of assets safe and profitably invested, low death rate, and small commissions to agents, it is enabled to pay the largest dividends and furnish the safest insurance at the lowest cost. The Penn Mutual makes no discrimination between men and women all are insured at the same rate. There are no strings tied to our policies.

Murray Brothers SPECIAL AGENTS

MR. CAVANAGH'S VOICE.

Dixon Sun—His voice has a charm which is very attractive. Touched the heartstrings of his hearers.

Dixon Telegraph—Kavanagh's voice has a wonderful sympathetic quality that reaches the heart. In ballads the pathos he gave the words was remarkable.

Joliet Republican—Mr. Kavanagh's selections were exquisitely done. Peoria Herald—Has an exceptionally rich and melodious voice. Was enthusiastically received.

Decatur Review—Blatchford Kavanagh did not disappoint the people. He is still magnificent.

Your Clothes are Wrinkled,

Somewhat soiled, too. You can't afford to go to business like that. Can't afford a new suit? Never mind; you don't need one. Have that old suit thoroughly cleaned and pressed into shape again, and it will look about as well as new.

Overcoat Needs New Collar

and a general overhauling. Remember we make a specialty of repair work. Work sent for and delivered. 330 1/2 South Elm St.

VENABLE BROS.

VOL. VII. N.

NEGRO BURNED

LEAVENWORTH, K.

A Man Charged With is Taken from the Few Blocks of the

Leavenworth, K. Alexander, the ne day evening atten Eva Roth, and wh have assaulted an in November last, sheriff's guard by burned at the sta crimes, half a doz centre of the ci people witnessed

The negro was the State penit afternoon, place brought to town. shals surrounded Sheriff's Stance, Brown sat in the of him. Fifty followed the ha Olive streets the lowing the one was concealed, ju several negroes. prisoner's back v to the county jail ed in a cell just the doors. The locked.

The crowd first mission by peace Everhardt refus gro. Then the c to the side door a battering ram, from its hinges surged into the doorway. A hu the cell room. bent sufficiently over it. Several in this manner. had pushed down stockade, and a in the jail yard. side door, made cut off with sleds and the door down. A man w a shapeless ma one corner of minutes' work a the cell had been of terror issued men filled the cal laughter. C yelling itself he cell rushed those door.

The mob issue dragging the ne He had been str a hammer but w fought to get at struck savagely house yard they fess before we h

"I am innoco "I am dying fo did. I see lots know I did not guilty I would penitentiary a there for life.

The policemen not I have told "You lie," t

fellow struck head with his spoke with the who sees bef death. A mov cottonwood tre court house ya

"My God, m his agony, "I innocent. I ca I did not do it. "He lies; bu "Take him v

murder," sugg Immediately negro, who wa pushed toward o'clock Alexan exact spot w murdered girl, circle was fo brought up in men. The lea The roar ceas shoved forward crowd. A ho quickly hushed his shackled h Twice the crow voice.

"You are go

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